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18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
19	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CA	LIFORNIA, SAN JOSE DIVISION
20		
	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.,	CASE NO. 5:14-cv-5344-BLF (NC)
21	DI : .: CC	CICCOIC MOTION IN LIMITENO 1
22	Plaintiff,	CISCO'S MOTION IN LIMINE NO. 1: MOTION TO EXCLUDE ARGUMENT
22	VS.	AND EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF
23		EQUITABLE DEFENSES
2.4	ARISTA NETWORKS, INC.,	DED 4 CEED MED CLON
24	Defendant.	REDACTED VERSION
25	Defendant.	
20		Judge: Hon. Beth Labson Freeman
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I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Cisco respectfully moves *in limine* for the preclusion of any evidence or argument before the jury related to Arista's equitable defenses that are to be decided by the Court. This includes unclean hands, waiver, equitable estoppel or misuse. Such information is irrelevant to any issue properly triable to the jury in this case, and would unfairly prejudice Cisco by exposing the jury to equitable arguments that have no place in the jury's deliberations.

Excluding equitable arguments and supporting evidence is consistent with this Court's past practice in its recent trials (e.g., Nortek, Gilead and Finisar, discussed infra), where it repeatedly excluded from the jury's consideration issues that are relevant for the Court only. Arista should not be permitted, for example, to attempt to show the jury that Cisco allegedly engaged in "unreasonable delay" in bringing suit, or that a Cisco's employee's activities almost 30 years ago supports an "unclean hands" defense. Such evidence is not relevant to any issue the jury will decide. To the extent relevant at all, it will serve only to confuse the jury and to cause "undue prejudice" to Cisco by inviting a decision on an improper basis. This type of argument and evidence should be excluded and instead be proffered to the Court outside the presence of the jury, should the Court deem it necessary.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

In its pretrial disclosures, Arista has revealed its intent to present voluminous evidence, argument and testimony to the jury on equitable issues that are for the Court alone to decide. In the section entitled "Witnesses Arista Expects To Call" on Arista's witness list, Arista lists as the subject of testimony one of "estoppel," "laches" or "misuse" for 11 of 15 trial witnesses. Jenkins Decl. Exh. 1 at 3. For example, for witness Michael Volpi, listed as "expects to call" by Arista, the "Substance of Trial Testimony" is comprised primarily of equitable issues: "Knowledge relevant to Arista's estoppel, laches, fair use and misuse defenses and damages." *Id.* Overall, Arista lists 36 different witnesses that it may call to testify regarding equitable defenses. Arista's exhibit list is similarly replete with evidence for the Court's consideration, instead of the jury.

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During discovery, Arista contended, for various reasons, that Cisco's claims were barred under various equitable doctrines. See e.g., Jenkins Decl. Exh. 4, Arista's responses to Cisco's Interrogatory No. 17 at 7, 12 The high level descriptions of "estoppel" and "misuse" on Arista's pretrial disclosures do

The high level descriptions of "estoppel" and "misuse" on Arista's pretrial disclosures do not provide Cisco notice of all the testimony and theories Arista seeks to introduce at trial under the banner of its equitable defenses. Cisco therefore seeks to exclude any evidence and argument based on the contentions disclosed in Arista's response to Cisco's interrogatories asking for Arista's contentions on equitable issues: Cisco's Interrogatory Nos. 17 and 18, attached as Exhibit 4 to the Jenkins Declaration. Cisco's Interrogatory No. 17, asked, in part, for Arista to "Identify and explain in detail all factual and legal bases for Your contentions that Cisco's claims are barred

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by laches, acquiescence, estoppel, waiver, unclean hands, copyright misuse, and/or abandonment... And Cisco's Interrogatory No. 18 asked for the bases for any contention that Cisco is barred from obtaining equitable relief.

III. LEGAL STANDARD

"Evidence which is not relevant is not admissible." Fed. R. Evid. 402. "Although relevant, evidence may be excluded if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of the issues, or misleading the jury, or by considerations of undue delay, waste of time, or needless presentation of cumulative evidence." Fed. R. Evid. 403. ""Unfair prejudice' within [this] context means an undue tendency to suggest decision on an improper basis." *Dream Games of Ariz., Inc. v. PC Onsite*, 561 F.3d 983, 993 (9th Cir. 2009) (quoting Fed. R. Evid. 403 Advisory Committee's note).

IV. ARGUMENT

As detailed above, Arista appears intent on spending a large amount of its trial time arguing issues that are not relevant for the jury, such as Mr. Lougheed's employment status when authoring source code for Cisco's original router in the 1980s; Cisco's purported "unreasonable delay" in bringing suit, and Cisco's purported use of other vendor's CLI commands in its network orchestration products. These "sideshows" are not relevant to issues for the jury to decide. A defendant's "equitable defenses . . . are the province of the Court to decide." Gilead Sciences, Inc. v. Merck & Co., Inc., et al, No. 13-cv-04057-BLF, 2016 WL 3143943 at *1 (N.D. Cal June 6, 2016). Evidence that relates only to Arista's equitable defenses is therefore not relevant and should be excluded from the jury trial under Fed. R. Evid. 402. Courts routinely have precluded defendants from presenting equitable defenses to juries. Presidio Components, Inc. v. American Technical Ceramics Corp., No. 14-cv- 2061 at *5–6 (S.D. Cal. Mar. 25, 2016) (Dkt. 275) (Ex. 3) (order granting motion in limine to restrict equitable defense evidence to the bench trial); JIPC Mgmt., Inc. v. Incredible Pizza Co., No. CV 08-04310 MMM PLAX, 2009 WL 8591607, at *19 (C.D. Cal. July 14, 2009) ("Presenting evidence on these issues [unclean hands] would pose a risk of prejudice and confuse the jury"); Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. v. Ottawa Plant Food, Inc., 219 F.R.D. 135, *145–46 (N.D. Iowa 2003) ("[T]he court agrees with Pioneer that evidence

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of or reference to the equitable defenses of laches, estoppel, or waiver must be barred in proceedings in front of the jury."); *MDY Indus., LLC v. Blizzard Entm't, Inc.*, 2011 U.S. App. LEXIS 3428 (9th Cir. 2011) ("Copyright misuse is an equitable defense to copyright infringement").

This "equitable" evidence should be excluded not only as irrelevant, but also under Rule 403 because, to the extent this evidence has any probative value, it is greatly outweighed by the accompanying risk of jury confusion. Permitting Arista to submit evidence and argument to the jury on equitable matters invites the jury improperly to determine liability "on the basis of 'equitable' considerations that do not properly enter into any determination that the jury must make." Pioneer, 219 F.R.D. 135, *145–46 (emphasis added). As one example, Arista apparently intends to present the jury with evidence related to Cisco's "unreasonable delay" in bringing this suit and Arista's purported reliance on statements by Cisco ten years ago. These types of arguments and evidence are relevant only to equitable defenses, and, if presented, would only confuse the jury as to the liability for Cisco's copyright claims. Similarly, Arista's proffered evidence regarding the creation of Cisco's original router product by Mr. Lougheed purportedly is relevant to Arista's unclean hands affirmative defense, but, if admitted, that evidence would only suggest the jury decide liability on an improper basis. Finally, Arista's evidence regarding "laches" (as disclosed for Mr. Volpi) would present the jury with even more confusing testimony and argument, as the Supreme Court made clear that laches is not a defense to damages in copyright actions. See Petrella v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc., 134 S. Ct. 1962, 1967 (2014) ("Laches, we hold, cannot be invoked to preclude adjudication of a claim for damages brought within the three-year window.").

Excluding equitable arguments and evidence is consistent with the Court's recent practice. In *Finisar Corp. v. Nistica, Inc.*, this Court heard evidence related to equitable defenses outside the presence of the jury. Similarly, in *Gilead Sciences, Inc. v. Merck & Co., Inc.*, et al, No. 13-cv-04057-BLF, 2016 WL 3143943 at *1 (N.D. Cal. June 6, 2016), the Court held that the defense of waiver should be addressed solely to the bench. Finally, in *Nortek Air Solutions, LLC v. Energy Labs et al.*, the Court ruled that evidence and argument on Defendants' equitable defenses of

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laches and estoppel would not be submitted to the jury, but instead would be presented to the Court.¹

In line with the Court's practice, any arguments and evidence in support of Arista's

equitable defenses should be presented to the Court outside of the presence of the jury.

V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Cisco respectfully requests that that evidence and argument on Arista's equitable defenses be excluded from the jury.

¹ See Nortek's Trial Brief and Offer of Proof, Nortek Air Solutions, LLC v. Energy Labs et al., Case No. 5:14-CV-02919-BLF, Dkt. 275 at 4 (citing Pretrial Conf. Tr. (July 6, 2016) at 27:4-5.)

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57960.1	MOTION TO EXCLUDE ARGUMENT A	AND EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF EQUITABLE DEFENSES

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MOTION TO EXCLUDE ARGUMENT AND EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF EQUITABLE DEFENSES

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